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THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

Vol. 3. TUCSON, A. T., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1870.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

A Weekly Journal, devoted to the interests of Arizona Territory.

Published every Saturday at Tucson, A. T.

P. W. DOONER.....Editor.

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OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

PASSED AT THE

SECOND SESSION OF THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to carry into effect provisions of the treaties between the United States, China, Japan, Siam, Persia, and other countries, giving certain judicial powers to ministers and consuls and other functionaries of the United States in those countries, and for other purposes," approved June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of Congress entitled "An act to carry into effect provisions of the treaties between the United States, China, Japan, Siam, Persia, and other countries, giving certain judicial powers to ministers and consuls, or other functionaries of the United States in those countries, and for other purposes," approved June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty, as far as the same is in conformity of the treaty with Madagascar, is hereby extended to that country, and it shall be executed in conformity with the provisions of the treaty and the usages of Christian nations in such cases; and the act shall, in the same manner, extend to any country of like character with which the United States may hereafter enter into treaty relations.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the superior judicial authority conferred on the consul general or consul residing at the capital of any country mentioned in such act, or herein provided for, including the power to make decrees and regulations, is hereby vested in the Secretary of State for the time being.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That when any final judgment of the minister to China, or to Japan, is given in the exercise of original or of appellate criminal jurisdiction, the person charged with the crime or offence, if he considers it erroneous in point of law, may appeal therefrom to the circuit court for the district of California; but such appeal shall not operate as a stay of proceedings, unless the minister shall certify that there is probable cause to grant the same, when the stay shall be such as the interests of justice may require.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That on any final judgment in a consular court of China or Japan where the matter in dispute exceeds five hundred dollars, and does not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars, exclusive of costs, an appeal shall be allowed to the minister in such country, as the case may be: Provided, That the appellant complies with the conditions established by general regulations, and the ministers are hereby authorizes and required to receive, hear, and determine such appeals.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That where the matter in dispute, exclusive of costs, exceeds the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, an appeal shall be allowed to the circuit court for the district of California; and upon such appeal a transcript of the libel, bill, answer, depositions, and all other proceedings in the cause shall be transmitted to the circuit court; and no new evidence shall be received on the hearing of the appeal; and the appeals shall be subject to the rules, regulations, and restrictions prescribed in law for writs of error from district courts of the United States.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That on any final judgment of the minister to China, or to Japan, given in the exercise, of origal jurisdiction, where the matter in dispute, exclusive of costs, exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars, an appeal shall be allowed to the circuit court as provided in the last section.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the circuit court of California is hereby authorized and required to receive, hear and determine the appeals provided for in this act, and the decisions of such court shall be final.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the appeals allowed by this act shall be only in cases arising after its passage.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the President is hereby authorized to allow, in the adjustment of the accounts of the consul general at Shanghai, the actual expense of the rent of a suitable building, to be used as a prison for American convicts in China, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars a year; and also the wages of the keepers of the same, and to allow in the adjustment of the accounts of the consuls at other ports in China the actual expense of the hire of constables and the care of offenders, not to exceed in all five thousand dollars a year.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That the President is hereby authorized to allow, in the adjustment of the accounts of the consul at Kanagawa, the actual expense of the rent of a suitable building, to be used as a prison for American convicts in Japan, not to exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars a year; and also the wages of the keepers of the same, and for the care of offenders, not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars a year; and to allow in the adjustment of the accounts of the consuls at other ports in Japan the actual expense of the hire of constables and the care of offenders, not to exceed in all two thousand five hundred dollars a year.

Approved, July 1. 1870.

AN ACT to establish an additional land district in the State of Kansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that portion of the "western district" land district; located by the act approved March three, eighteen hundred and fifty seven, entitled "An act to establish three additional land districts in the Territory of Kansas," which is situated north of the township line dividing townships ten and eleven, south, said State, shall constitute a new land district to be called the Republican land district.

Sec 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized, whenever the public interests shall require, to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, or during the recess thereof, and untill the end of the next session of congress after such appointment, a register and a receiver for the district hereby created, who shall respectively be required to reside at the site of their offices, have the powers, responsibilities, and emoluments, and be subject to the same acts and penalties, which are or may be prescibed by law in ralation to othe land offices of of the United States in said State.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the public lands in said district shall be subject to sale and disposal upon the same terms and conditions as other public lands of the United States: Provided, That all sales and location, made at the office of the old district of lands situated within the limits of the new districts which shall be valid and right in other respects, up to the day on which the new office shall go into operation, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed.

Approved, July 7, 1870.

AN ACT to relinquish the interest of the United States in certain lands to the city and county of San Francisco.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right and title of the United States to the military reservation in the city and county of San Francisco, State of California, known as the Point San Jose' military reservation, be, and the same are hereby, relinquished and purposes as follows: First. To maintain all streets and alleys as now laid out upon the official map on the city of San Francisco. Second. and then in trust to grant and convey the remainder of said lands to the parties severally who are at the date of the passage of this act in the actual bona fide possession thereof by themselves or their tenants, and in such parcels as the same are so held and possession thereof by themselves or their tenants, and in such parcels as the same are so held and possessed by the United States military authorities when they went into the occupancy of said military reservation; or were deprived thereof by intruders or trespassers against whom possession may be recovered by legal process. Third. To have and to hold all the residue, if any, of said lands, for the use and benefit of said city, there being excepted from this relinquishment and grant all that certain piece or parcel of land, portion of said reservation, and which is bounded and described as follows, viz: commencing at a point in the mean low-water shore-line of the bay or entrance to the bay of San Francisco, east of the promontory of Point San Jose, where the same is intersected by the westerly line of Van Ness avenue running thence southerly along the said westerly line of Van Ness avenue to its intersection with the northern line of Bay street; thence westerly along the north side of Bay street to its intersection with the eastern line of Laguna street; thence northerly along the said eastern line of Laguna street to the westerly shore; thence in a northeasterly, easterly, southeasterly, and southerly direction, following the said shore-line, and including the entire water front between Laguna street and Van Ness avenue, to the point or place of beginning.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act contained shall interfere with or prejudice any valid adverse right or claim, if such exist, to said land or any part thereof, whether derived from Spain, Mexico, or the United States, or preclude an examination and adjustment thereof by the courts.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, declared inapplicable to the lands herein above relinquished and granted.

Ppproved, July 1, 1870.

AN ACT for the disposal of the lands within the Fort Ridgely military reservation, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the War Department having abandoned the Fort Ridgely reservation, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, immediately upon the passage of this act, to cause to be appraised the government improvements upon said reservation, and shall report the value thereof to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, designating the particular legal subdivision of land upon which the same exist, and the lands within said reservation not heretofore entered and patented shall be subject to disposal under the pre-emption laws of the United States, or at private entry after public offering and for cash only, and persons entering upon or purchasing said lands shall pay the appraised value of the government improvements that may appear to exist on their respective claims at the date of proving up, or of purchase at private entry.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all entries which have been made on lands within the limits of the said reserve, and for which the General Land Office may have issued patents in regular form, not having at the time knowledge of said reserve, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed: *Provided*, That the value of the government improvements thereon have been, or shall be, paid for by the persons making said entries, or by their assigns: *And provided further*, That the same shall be paid for within the time designated, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to, and shall immediately thereafter, institute judicial proceedings against any and all of the said parties, or their assigns, failing to make said payment, with the view to vacate the patents which may have issued.

Sec 3. And be it further enacted, That all entries heretofore made on said lands and not yet patented are hereby declared, at the discretion of the Commissioner, null and void, and directed to be cancelled by the said Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the lands embraced therein shall be disposed of under the provisions of this act.

Approved, July 1, 1870.

AN ACT in relation to certain unsold lands in the counties of Porter and Lake, in the State of Indiana.

Whereas there is lying along the Little Calumet river, in the counties of Porter and Lake, in the State of Indiana, a body of lands supposed to contain about four thousand acres, which has never been sold or surveyed, and which was described in the original government surveys as impassable morass; and whereas the Calumet Draining Company has been organized under the laws of said State, for the purpose of draining the valley of said river, including said morass: Therefore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said unsold lands shall be subject to a line under the laws of the State of Indiana for its proper proportion of the cost of such drainage, and such lien may be enforced against said lands in the same manner and to the same extent as if the said lands were owned by private persons: *Provided*, That no claim shall be held to exist against said lands, on the Tuesday after the first drainage, per, in the year one thou

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That said lands may be surveyed and sold to the highest bidder, under the directions of the Secretary of the Interior, subject to said lien.

Approved, July 1, 1870.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to establish and to protect national cemeteries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from the time any State legislature shall have given, or shall hereafter give, the consent of such State to the purchase by the United States of any national cemetery mentioned in the act entitled "An act to establish and protect national cemeteries," approved February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, the jurisdiction and power of legislation of the United States over such cemetery shall in all courts and places be held to be the same as is granted by section eight, article one, of the Constitution of the United States; and all the provisions of said act of February twenty-second, eighteen hunded and sixty-seven, shall be applicable to the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War to cause copies of this present act to be sent to the governors of all such States, wherein any of such notional cemeteries may be situated, to the end that the legislatures of such States may give the consent herein mentioned.

Approved, July 1, 1870.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to establish a police court for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved June seventeen, eighteen hundred and seventy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an act entitled "An act to establish a police court for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved June seventeen, eighteen hundred and seventy, be, and the same is hereby, amended so that the said police court may be organized and the first term thereof held any day after the judge of said court shall have been commissioned and qualified.

Approved, July 7, 1870.

AN ACT for the relief of pre-emption settlers in the State of Nebraska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That settlers upon the public domain within the limits of the State of Nebraska, who prior to the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy, had filed their declaratory statements under the pre-emption laws for tracts once offered at public sale and afterwards included in the lateral limits of any withdrawal for railroad grants, where such lands were at date of filing, as aforesaid, subject to disposal, under said pre-emption laws, and who, through erroneous belief that by such withdrawal the lands so settled upon and claimed became subject to the designation of "unoffered" lands, have failed to make the proof and payment required by law within one year from the date of alleged settlement, shall be, and are hereby, allowed and authorized to make such proof and payment within one year from the passage of this act, upon showing a full compliance with all other provisions of the pre-emption laws: *Provided*, That such settlements were upon the even-numbered sections, and do not include cases declared to be invalid by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Approved, July 7, 1870.

AN ACT to constitute Omaha, in the State of Nebraska, a port of delivery.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Omaha, in the State of Nebraska, shall be, and is hereby, constituted a port of delivery, within the collection district of New Orleans; and there shall be appointed a surveyor of customs, to reside at said port, who shall, in addition to his own duties, perform the duties and receive the salary and emoluments prescribed by the act of Congress, approved on the second of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, for imperting merchandise into Pittsburg, Wheeling, and other places.

Approved, July 7, 1870.

Governor's Proclamation Ordering a General Election throughout the Territory.

PROCLAMATION.

To all whom it may concern:

Whereas, under an act of the Congress of the United States entitled, "An act to confirm the apportionment and amend certain laws of the Territory of Arizona," approved March 23, 1870, it is provided that there shall be held throughout such

tered [illegible]

Arizona, [illegible]

the truth and [illegible]ent

have this morning, [illegible]removed

from this office the press upon which the ARIZONAN has lately been printed. Their hope and intention is to destroy the only newspaper in Southern Arizona—thus to enable them to carry out their system of fraud and mendacity, by the re-election their candidate for the office of Delegate to Congress, viz: Richard C. McCormick; but like most schemes conceived in iniquity and born of fraud it has utterly failed.

The ARIZONAN will be issued as usual to its subscribers with new and attractive features, and will be made the equal of any newspaper on the frontier. It will be devoted to the true interests of Arizona and to the advocacy of sound Democratic principles as the only hope for the prosperity of free institutions. To forward these views the ARIZONAN will oppose to the utmost the election of Richard C. McCormick who has been tried and found wanting, and who has prostituted the trust placed in him for personal and pecuniary ends; and the ARIZONAN will support, in the cause of truth and political honesty, P. R. Brady, Esq., for Congress, and the Democratic ticket for county officers.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

PROCEEDINGS OF A POPULAR CONVENTION OF THE DEMOCRATS OF PIMA COUNTY HELD IN TUCSON, SEPT. 17TH 1870.

The Convention being called to order Mr. Granville H. Owry was elected Chairman and D. A. Bennett Secretary.

After an address by the Chairman, on motion of Mr. Elder a committee consisting of D. A Bennett, W. S. Owry, and Solomon Warner was appointed by the Chair to present a platform expressive of the sentiment of the Convention.

After the adoption of a platform wherein is set forth the many wants of the people of the Territory, the abuses to which they have been subjected through the intrigues of corrupt officials, and the necessity that they be represented in the various offices by men selected from among themselves—to the exclusion of political adventurers, etc., nominations were declared in order and the following ticket was unanimously nominated:

For Delegate to Congress,	Peter R. Brady.
For Sheriff,	Granville H. Owry.
For Recorder,	Agustin Caballero.
For Treasurer,	A. W. Fields.
For District Attorney,	Thos. P. Dudley.
For Supervisor,	Solomon Warner.
do	John Bratton.
do	Isaac Goldberg.

FOR TERRITORIAL COUNCIL.

E. R. Brown.	Alex. Levin.
A. Britchta.	C. L. Anderson.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Thos M. Yerkes.	D. C. Thompson.
L. B. Wooster.	Ramon Pacheco.
Hiram S. Stevens.	Jesus Ma. Elias.
John Spring.	
For Justices of the Peace,	Wm. H Tonge.
	B. H. Page.
For Constable,	Jno. W. Libby.
do	Wm Tisdell.

On motion a central Committee was then appointed consisting of the following named gentlemen.

F. M. Hoiges, D. A. Bennett, Saml. Drachman, Erasmus Woods, Alex. Levin,

The following Resolutions where then adopted:

That Peter R. Brady, the nominee of this Convention for Delegate to Congress, be, and he is hereby, recommended to the support of the Democratic party throughout the Territory.

That this convention tender to the Military authorities of the Territory, its sincere thanks for the earnest efforts they have put forth for the subjugation of the Apache tribe of Indians with which the country is infested.

After a few remarks by P. R. Brady, Esq., Convention adjourned *sine die*.

THE REASON WHY.

Readers of the ARIZONAN will be curious to why we have this week placed McCormick before the world as he is—McCormick whom we have heretofore accredited a thousand and one virtue, while the whole country knows well that he does not possess a single great or noble characteristic; McCormick whose course in Congress we "lauded to the skies" while he really did nothing but talk Apache in his turn, until instructed to take his seat, and without producing a single result; McCormick who manipulated contracts and surveys, and railroad things for a period of two years—just as he did the press hitherto used in this office a few days since, but more successfully than in this case, McCormick whom we have *misrepresented* in times past, but of whom we shall speak and write in future, candidly and truthfully.

Since his return from Washington on Saturday last we have seen Mr. McCormick several times; interviewed him and been interviewed in turn, and, we should have said, made his acquaintance—for up to Saturday we knew nothing of Mr. McCormick personally, and judged of his character only from reports, few of which represented him as an honorable man and many as a selfish intriguer. Thus have we known Hon. R. C. McCormick, and on purely charitable grounds—wishing to look at the best side of every man and extol doubtful merit rather than condemn reputed vice—we concluded to advocate the man at all risk until we should become satisfied of the class to which he belongs, and after having obtained this information satisfactorily, to do him simple justice. Here we have candidly stated the motives, (if motives they can be called,) which influenced us to support McCormick thus far, but now that we have seen him and learned to our entire satisfaction that by advocating his re-election we have been engaged in a work calculated to damn every interest of Arizona which may be made to subserve a selfish desire, feel no embarrassment at declaring that we will put forth our best efforts to undo all that we have so thoughtlessly done heretofore.

The people of Arizona have a great, a sacred duty to perform at the coming election, and that duty is to fill the most responsible office in their gift by placing therein an honest man; a man whose character stands unblemished by foul, corrupt administration of official duties; a man whose interests are identified with those of his constituents; a man who has ability, with honesty and industry, and the good taste to use it for other than mercenery motives, and such man is P. R. Brady, Esq., the Democratic candidate for the office of Delegate to Congress.

It is time the people of Arizona choose for officers, men from among themselves. There is no just reason why we must be represented by starved-out politicians *who can have nothing in common with us* and who would not remain a single hour in Arizona if divested of official patronage. It remains for the Democrats to explode this carpet-bag system of representation, and no honest, patriotic Republican will stand a moment to decide the course which he should pursue if he only look at the matter as it is and ask himself which should have the stronger claims upon his support, his county or his party.

We have now in Arizona a thoroughly organized Democratic party and must expect all Democrats to flock beneath their standard. Let the dupes of intrigue who have fled from their allegience repent in time that an unprejudiced world may no longer regard them as traitors to a just cause—a cause which asks for honesty and justice in office, and demands that carpet-bag representation die a death worthy an unclean, cormorant-like, hydra-headed monster which has carried disaffection and spread discord among many a happy and united people throughout a few of the Territories and most of the conquered States.

W. H. Gould of the San Diego *Bulletin* arrived with R. C. McCormick and party on Saturday. Mr. Gould has engaged to do Mac's campaign printing; he has a perfect right to do this if he confine himself to it, but if he meddle further with us, by intriguing with our printers or otherwise, we will give him a little notoriety which will be anything but agreeable to one of his *peculiar stamp*.

Our subscribers throughout the Territory are requested to notify this office if the ARIZONAN should fail to reach them regularly. Our party friends here are requested to make known our wish to those with whom they correspond elsewhere.

CARD FROM HON. SYLVESTER MOWRY.

LETTER FROM GOV. HAIGHT OF CALIFORNIA TO THE PEOPLE OF ARIZONA.

In reply to numerous inquiries from the people of this Territory asking my views in reference to the approaching election for Delegate to Congress, I desire to say that at no time have I been a candidate, and that more than four months ago in letters to prominent citizens here and North of the Gila, I expressly declined to allow my name to be used unless it was deemed absolutely necessary for the success of the Democratic ticket.

The nomination of my friend P. R. Brady meets with my entire approbation. He is in every way worthy of the vote of the people, and I am satisfied will be elected by an overwhelming majority. In these days of corrupt office-holders, a man who can handle the people's money honestly is worthy of every trust they can bestow upon him. Mr. Brady's record as Sheriff of Pima county is a convincing proof of his integrity, and fidelity in official station of large pecuniary responsibility. One of the oldest and most respected citizens of Arizona whose home, interests and family are centered here, he is peculiarly fitted to represent with effect and wisdom, the people, in the the National Congress. His opponent, Hon. Richard C. McCormick, is simply a Black Republican adventurer. He came here a Black Republican office-holder, as he had been before he came. Office alone keeps him here, and when he shall have been defeated he will go whence he came and Arizona will know him no more. With his party in power by over two-thirds majority in Congress, he has done nothing for the Territory except obtain a few appointments to office of his party friends. He has been and is in the pay of non-residents of the Territory for services which he claims as public benefits; and the agents of his owners are in your midst boasting that they will elect him by buying your votes. His course on the Southern Pacific Railroad question has been against the true interests of the friends of that road, the only people who can build it. In a word he has betrayed the trust reposed in him and is unworthy the suffrage of an honest or intelligent constituency. I beg that the people will not be again deceived by McCormick's professed *independent* position. He is Black Republican to the core. The next House of Representatives *will* be Democratic, and any one must see, that having failed to accomplish anything for Arizona with his party in power, he will be worse than useless in a Democratic Congress. It is clearly the duty of every Democrat to support Mr. Brady with all his influence as well as his vote. That the Democracy of the country at large have a deep interest in the success of our ticket the following letters are conclusive evidence. Governor Haight of California whose fame is National as a sound statesman, and under whose name the Democratic party of California won its first great victory after years of Black Republican misrule, authorized me to publish his letter. Its address is not personally to me, but to the Democratic candidate and Democracy of Arizona:

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 29, 1870.

To Hon. Sylvester Mowry,

DEAR SIR: It is announced that you are the Democratic candidate for Delegate from Arizona Territory.

It has been thought quite desirable by such of the prominent members of the party as I have conversed with, that there should be a more perfect and efficient organization of the party in each of the Pacific States and Territories so as to contribute our share to the re-establishment of sound principles of government and to the reforms in taxation and currency which are so desirable.

The people of these States and Territories suffer particularly from the iniquitous tariff system which has been maintained by corrupt means and is the most stupendous system of legalized plunder that ever existed among a people so intelligent and free as the people of this country claim to be.

There is no rational prospect of the overthrow of this system and of the kindred abuses which prevail at Washington except by the election of a Democratic Congress and for this reason aside from your special familiarity with the wants of Arizona Territory, a deep interest is felt in your success.

Very truly yours,
H. H. HAIGHT.

A distinguished public man of great influence, political and pecuniary, in the East, writes to me as follows:

"It has been impossible for me to act in harmony with the faithless and treacherous political paupers who have been fattening upon the miseries of your, distressed Territory for the past few years. If the Territory could be represented by some person with whom honorable men could act in confidence it might again attract capital for the development of its resources."

No man in Arizona has larger interests there than I have, and I shall in the future, as in the past, give my best efforts for the development of the Territory. Myself and friends in Washington can work heartily with Brady, and can accomplish good results for the whole Territory North and South. Give him a full vote and let us have an honest Representative—who will work for the people and not solely for his own personal aggrandizement.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The War.

London, Sept. 16.—The following is received from Paris: The advance of the Prussian army is at Britteville and Neuville Sur Marne, and the Prussian scouts have occupied Corbeil and Claremouth. Throngs of people are escaping from Paris.

Berlin, Sept. 16.—The Belgian Legation has been officially notified of the raising of the French blockade in the Baltic and North Seas on the 11th instant.

Paris, Sept. 16—The advance of the Prussians steadily continues. They are closing in on Paris in a way indicating an attack on the southern and southeastern sides of the city. The movement is made in that direction so as to secure supplies, and at the same time prevent reinforcements reaching the beseiged from the southwest. Military men of experience say the power of the city is limited only by the supply of food.

Paris, Sept. 16.—9:50 p. m.—The *rappel* has just been sounded, and the forces have been called to arms. The sentinels have been doubled. The Prussians have been signalized this morning.

An engagement took place on the road from Melun, between the French sharpshooters and the Prussians. Many were killed and wounded, but the result is unknown.

London, Sept. 16.—A dispatch from Paris says that Trochu received to-day the advance guard of a force of 10,000 American volunteers.

Metz still holds out. Bazaine has 75,000 men, and an abundance of provisions, ammunition, etc. He is constantly harrassing the enemy.

The bombardment of Toul was resumed yesterday forenoon, and continued all night.

London, Sept. 17—A Dispatch from Bermouth, 11 miles northwest of Strasburg says there has been heavy firing all day from the heavy guns in the third parallel, causing great destruction to the walls and citadel. An effort to carry the fortifications by storm will doubtless be made to-morrow. The sufferings of the people are great. Provisions are served in limited quantities.

Paris, Sept. 17.—Prussia demands the restoration of Napoleon, and will then entertain his propositions for a peace.

The palaces at versellaise and St. Cloud are to be used as hospitals.

The French prisoners in Germany are to be put to making roads.

A body of French protestant Clergymen called on Minister Washburne, to-day, and tendered their thanks for his sympathy and admirable speeches.

Paris, Sept. 17.—The Prussians are at Creteil, Claremont, Chauventon and Stoner, almost within cannon shot of the walls of Paris. A number of prisoners were taken yesterday by the Prussian cavalry and sharp-shooters, and several convoys of munition of war and provisions were captured.

LARGE SALE!

GOVERNMENT STORES!

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Tucson, A. T., Sept. 26, 1870.

Will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, the 1st of November next, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., a large lot of Quartermaster's Stores, Clothing and Equipage, consisting in part as follows:

44 pairs of Bootees, new.	6 pairs of Boots, new.
142 Flannel Sack Coats.	11 Woolen Blankets.
42 Single Bed Sacks.	8 Horses.

Stoves, Aparajos, Saddles, Tire Upsetter, Anvils, Axes, Platform Scales, Wheelbarrows, and a large assortment of Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Wheelwrights and Masons' tools, too numerous to mention.

The articles must be removed immediately after the sale.

Terms: Cash, in Government Funds.

o1t5. J. G. C. LEE,
Asst. Q. M., U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR WOOD AT CAMP BOWIE.

TUCSON DEPOT, A. T., Sept. 22d, 1870.

Sealed Proposals which must be made in quadruplicate will be received at this office until Tuesday, the 1st of November next at 12 o'clock noon, for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department at Camp Bowie, or at any place within ten miles of the post easily accessible for wagons, with three hundred cords of good, merchantable hard-wood, to be delivered as required by the post quartermaster and subject to his inspection.

The price will be stated, by the cord, in U. S. gold coin, and the place of delivery will be clearly stated. The right is reserved to reject any bid not satisfactory.

Proposals to be endorsed, "Proposals for Wood at Camp Bowie," and addressed to the undersigned.

By authority of Col. GEORGE STONEMAN,
Commanding Department of Arizona.

o1w5 J. G. C. LEE,
A. Q. M., U. S. A.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

OCTOBER 1.....1870.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A WRETCHED ABORTION:—The first notorious act on the part of the satellites of R. C. McCormick, after the return of their chief on Saturday, was an effort to manipulate the ARIZONAN and mould it to suit themselves. With a view to the furtherance of this object we were promptly interviewed—Mr. McCormick, himself, taking the initiative. The part which we were expected to take we already know. *It was not an honorable part*, and in consequence the interview opened by a declaration from us, to the effect that we had concluded to withhold our advocacy from R. C. McCormick. This was a stunner. We could have all manner of good things, but we respectfully declined. The interview then took a business turn, and McCormick concluded to buy out our newspaper business, but upon hearing our terms thought he would not invest. After a little systematic probing he discovered that he was understood, and that intrigue alone might bring us to terms, and so, promised to let us know by noon the following day whether, after consultation, he would buy or otherwise. At 12 the following day he called, in company with Mr. DeLong the owner of the press, and with the consent of that gentleman had it removed *instanter* by his *pion*. Thus he hoped to set us idle at least; but we had the satisfaction of foiling him who has the reputation of being a most successful and unscrupulous intriguer; for one hour after the removal of the press mentioned, a second press, that of Hon. Sylvester Mowry, occupied its place, and after the lapse of one hour more an "Extra"—the double-leaded article which appears on the second page—was circulating through the town. But the intrigue did not end here altho' foiled at every turn. The clique had a few pounds of type, but not a single, solitary "case." We were waited upon by an emissary who wished to obtain a pair of cases "on the sly," offering to pay for them a hundred times their value: this wouldn't work. Then they required some ink: a post-office boy called for the article—for use ostensibly in the post office. We gave him the article, well knowing that ink alone cannot "get up" a newspaper. Our printer and our boy were next asked to accept all kinds of good positions, but could not be influenced to abandon a tried friend.

The campaign thus far has afforded us "lots of fun," and we have seen the most notorious of the opposition crowd checkmated at every point.

GOVERNOR SAFFORD says of the volunteers under his command on the recent scouting expedition against the Indians: "They performed those ardous marches mostly on foot, without a single complaint. Many of them were frequently afflicted with fever while their shoes were often worn out, compelling them to walk over rocks or through shrubbery barefoot. All not one faltered or would consent to return until the scout had ended."

LIEUTENANT CUSHING is in town after having been absent in pursuit of Apaches for a whole month. He thinks now that he has discovered a clue to the locality of the recruiting post of the villainous Mr. Cachise, and will start within a few days, with his whole force, for that point. The Lieutenant thinks it just possible that the force of Cachise at the point indicated may be somewhat unguarded in their movements in consequence of their leader having recently paid a visit to Camp Thomas and, after a conversation with the commanding officer, having been permitted to leave the post unharmed. The whole community have unbounded confidence in the energy and skill of Lieutenant Cushing in the work of punishing Indians, and if he fail to surprise the particular camp against which he is about to march there are other encampments among the mountains which will find it a difficult matter to escape his vigilance.

BROUGHT TO GRIEF:—A party of three Mexicans from Sonora last week visited the permises of James Lee, Esq., and stole a team of mules, valuable mules. With their booty they set out for Sonora, pursued by Mr. Lee and two or three other citizens. They were overtaken at the Potrero, a point on the boundary line between Arizona and Sonora, and upon discovering their pursuers endeavored to escape. Two succeeded, but the third fell from the effects of a pistol bullet which happened to overtake him in his flight. The mules were recovered and brought back by their owner.

THE CENSUS:—The following important statistics, as shown by the census return of Pima county, have been handed to us for publication:—

Number of Dwelling-Houses,	1544.
Number of Families,	1542.
Number of Inhabitants,	5760.
Deaths during the year ending June 1, By small-pox, 92; by Indians, 52; by malarial fever, 12.	217,
Number of Farms,	140.
Number of acres of Improved Land,	8281.
do do Unimproved do	7006.
Products during the year ending June 1, '70:	
Number of bushels of Spring Wheat,	26957.
do do Indian Corn,	30069.
do do Oats,	25.
do do Barley,	54097.
do lbs. Tobacco,	100.
do do Wool,	300.
do Bushels Beans and Peas,	3417.
do do Irish Potatoes,	575.
do do Sweet do	16.
Produce of Market Gardens,	$3,800.
Number of lbs of Butter,	2870.
do do Cheese,	14500.
do Galls. Milk sold,	4800.
No. of Church Organizations,	1.
do do Edifices,	2.
do Newspapers, (weekly,)	1.
do Libraries, (church,)	1.
do do (private,)	1.
do Schools	1,
do Teachers, (female,)	7.
do Pupils (do)	100.
Amount received for Tuition	$6000.
Assessed value of Real Estate,	$324,670
do do Personal Property	$476,240
True value of R. and P. Property,	$2,702,196

Several of the Rancheros of the Sonoita and Santa Cruz Valleys have arrived in town. They have sniffed the breezes which agitate the political atmosphere since their arrival and declare that they will go for Brady *en masse*. It is very gratifying to observe with what unanimity the people of Arizona are flocking to the rescue. The cry is "Let us be represented by one of ourselves."

SINGULAR PHENOMENON:—On Sunday night, what those who witnessed supposed to be the *aurora borealis* presented a most singular appearance. About 8 o'clock a belt of light appeared at the horizon about two points East of North and gradually extended at either end until it embraced a large portion of the northern horizon. It then extended upward and continued to glow with increased brilliancy until about 8½ o'clock when the whole scene suddenly changed presenting a compact body of crimson or dark-red light. This after a lapse of about fifteen minutes disappeared as suddenly as it had come and carried with it every trace of the auroral light. The phenomenon was witnessed by hundreds of persons here, and there were not wanting those whom superstitious dread influenced to regard it as the herald of some approaching catastrophe which will involve the Territory and its inhabitants in ruin. They may be right—R. C. McCormick is a candidate for Congress.

A strip of printed matter, purporting to be the first number of the "Arizona Citizen," a prospective, campaign sheet to be published here under the auspices of Hon. R. C. McCormick, was handed to us on Thursday evening. For having withdrawn our support from the honorable gentleman we are accused of "inconsistency" and "treachery" and of having made an effort to "BLACKMAIL" the Hon. Mr. McCormick. The great trouble with the gentleman is that he failed to buy us from our party—we having refused direct offers of office and of money; but this is explained elsewhere.

Let us now see in what manner we have been inconsistent and treacherous: while McCormick was in Congress we advocated his course at the solicitation of a few men who it is now charged are his owners, and because we feel less satisfaction in abusing than in supporting men. If from anything we have said or done in the past, McCormick with his owners and dupes (his only support here) has considered that we pledged him our support at the coming election, then he and his satellites are our dupes and have but their stupidity to censure.

Our reasons for withdrawing our support from a man charged before this public with an offence but one remove from theft—and which has not been denied, viz: that of using his official position to accomplish selfish aims, do not require explanation.

An honest man should alone represent an honest constituency: and there are men at McCormick's shoulders who would do well to think as we do: that the receiver of stolen goods is but little better than the thief.

GREATNESS OF MIND (?)—Hon. Coles Bashford and J. E. McCaffry, Esq., both prominent members of the Bar of Arizona, in view of the fact that the ARIZONAN, in the cause of right, has become a champion of Democracy, have ordered their "cards" to be withdrawn. This is something worthy of a Cuvier or a Von Humboldt—but great minds WILL influence great deeds. The charge of Orpheus C. Ker's "Mackerel Brigade" at "Duck Lake," was nowhere, in comparison with the reckless, disinterested bravery which stimulated the actors in this assault. The amount of patronage we have lost through the onslaught is 75 cents per week. Bankruptcy and ruin must follow—sure!

SAM BOSTICK ESQ.:—We are delighted to find the name of our respected colored citizen, who honors the head of this paragraph, in the meagre list of signers to a list presented to us on Thursday. Mr. Bostick having withdrawn from the ARIZONAN his valuable patronage we give him gratuitously a first-rate notice: Sam is an excellent barber, brushes clothes conscientiously, and, we believe he figured as a banker. His name does not suffer by comparison with the others.

KING WILLIAM HOTEL!

WARNER'S BUILDING, MAIN STREET

Board per week $8,00. Single meals 50 cents.

The tables are supplied with the best of everything to be purchased in our markets, prepared by the best cook in town.

Give our accommodations a trial; we think we can suit every taste.

Oct. 1, '70. tf, RISENBAUGH & Co.

F. M. HODGES,

MAIN STREET

TUCSON A. T.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of the best brand of liquors and cigars.

Jan. 1, 1870, tf.

Notice!

I have this day appointed D. H. STICKNY my lawful Agent, to attend to all business connected with the SANTA RITA SAW-MILL, in my place and stead. Any arrangements made by the said D. H. STICKNY will meet with the approbation of the undersigned.

T. M. YERKES.

Aug 10, 1870. a20tf.

PIONEER BREWERY

TUCSON, A. T.

LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER

Constantly on hand.

ALSO

FINE LUNCHES.

tf A. LEVIN & CO.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

BY

J. GOLDTREE

Main Street, TUCSON, A. T

Dealer in Wines & Liquors.

Has just received from San Francisco a large assortment of Wines and Liquors consisting of.

C. D. Whisky	Fine Hennessy Brandy
A. A. A. "	" French Cognac "
O. K. B. "	" Peach "
Old Rye "	Holland & Old Tom gin
Bourbon "	

WINES.

Champagne, Claret, Port Sherry, Angelica—also Plying card and the best brands of cigars

BANK OF SAN DIEGO!

SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA.

Currency, Government Vouchers, Gold Dust, and Exchange bought.

DRAFTS

On San Francisco and Eastern cities sold.

Money loaned—Interest paid on time deposits.

a10m3

Notice!

All Persons are cautioned against purchasing or negotiating a certain Promissory Note for one thousand five hundred dollars, given by me to Simon R. Chambers, dated April 7th, 1870, and payable on the first of January 1871, as the said note was obtained from me by fraud.

S. W. CHAMBERS,

Tucson May 3, 1870. tlj70.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT CLOTHING.

TUCSON DEPOT, A. T. Sept. 5, 1870.

Will be sold by public auction at the warehouses of the Quartermaster's Department at this Depot, on Tuesday the 11th day of October next at 10 o'clock a. m., the following clothing and equipage, viz:—

328 White Cotton Jackets, new.
50 pairs Boots. "
16 Flannel Shirts.
730 Leather Stocks.
57 pairs Stockings.
59 sets common Tent Poles.

The articles will be sold singly or in lots as may be most advantageous, and must be removed immediately after the sale.

Terms: cash in Government Funds.

s10t5. J. G. C. LEE,
Asst. Quartermaster U. S. A.

Governor Safford's Proclamation Ordering a General Election Throughout the Territory.

PROCLAMATION.

To all whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, under an act of the Congress of the United States entitled, "An Act to confirm the apportionment and amend certain laws of the Territory of Arizona," approved March 23, 1870, it is provided that there shall be held throughout the Territory, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy an election for members of the next Legislative Assembly, and for all township, county and District officers, and for Delegate to the Forty-second Congress of the United States, and

WHEREAS, it is further provided in said Act that it shall be the duty of the Governor to order such election by proclamation to be issued not less than two months previous to said day,—

Now, therefore, I, A. P. K. Safford, Governor of the Territory of Arizona, in pursuance of the duty enjoined upon me, do hereby order a General Election to be held upon the day prescribed in said Act, to wit: November 8, 1870, and designate the following offices to be filled at said election, viz:

A Delegate to the Forty-second Congress of the United States.

Nine (9) members of the Territorial Council and eighteen (18) members of the Territorial House of Representatives, as follows:

The County of Pima, four (4) members of the Council and eight (8) members of the House.

The County of Yuma, one (1) member of the Council and three (3) members of the House.

The Counties of Mohave and Pah Ute combined, one (1) member of the Council and one (1) member of the House.

The County of Yavapai, three (3) members of the Council and six (6) members of the House.

Also, in each County three (3) Supervisors, a Sheriff, District Attorney, County Recorder, County Treasurer, County Surveyor, two (2) Coroners, and a Public Administrator.

Also in each election Precinct in each of the said counties, one and not more than two constables, and two Justices of the Peace, and in each such precinct containing a population of more than eight hundred persons, to be ascertained by the Probate Court, one additional Justice of the Peace.

Given under my hand and the {SEAL} Great Seal of said Territory, at Tucson, this Seventh day of September, A. D. 1870.

A. P. K. SAFFORD.

By the Governor,
COLES BASHFORD,
10s2m Secretary of Arizona Territory.

Governor's Apportionment Proclamation.

PROCLAMATION.

To all whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, under an Act of the Congress of the United States entitled "An Act to confirm the apportionment and amend certain laws of the Territory of Arizona," approved March 23, 1870, it is provided that an election shall be held in said Territory on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and

WHEREAS, it is made the duty of the Governor by said Act to declare by proclamation at least two months previous to said election the number of members of each branch of the Legislature to which each county or district of said Territory shall be entitled,

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the duty so enjoined upon me, I, A. P. K. Safford, Governor of the Territory of Arizona, do hereby proclaim the following apportionment of members to the ensuing Legislative Assembly to which each County or District is entitled, viz:

The County of Pima, four (4) members of the Council and eight (8) members of the House.

The County of Yuma, one (1) member of the Council and three (3) members of the House

The Counties of Mohave and Pah Ute together, one (1) member of the Council and one (1) member of the House.

The County of Yavapai, three (3) members of the Council and six (6) members of the House.

Given under my hand and the {SEAL} Great Seal of said Territory, at Tucson, this seventh day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

A. P. K. SAFFORD.

By the Governor,
COLES BASHFORD,
Secretary of Arizona Territory.

A DELEGATE TO THE NEXT CONGRESS.

OFFICE OF THE DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF PIMA COUNTY

TUCSON, Sept. 21, 1870.

To the Democracy of Arizona:

This committee respectfully requests that it may be furnished at as early a day as practicable, with the names and address of the members of the Central Committees of each County of the Territory.

It also requests that the Chairman of each committee will, from time to time, communicate with the undersigned, giving the condition and progress of the campaign in his County, with such other information as may add to the efficiency of our party organization in this Territory.

In this connection this committee cannot forbear earnestly inviting the attention of Democrats and Conservatives throughout the Territory, to the condition of their respective party organizations everywhere, and urging the high importance, that such organizations in districts and counties should be in through, effective, practical working order.

F. M. HODGES.
Chairman.

W. R. HOOPER, San Francisco. | A. H. WHITING, New York.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ARIZONA CITY, A. T.

:o:

GEN'L COMMISSION MERCHANTS

304 CALIFORNIA STREET,

(P. O. DRAWER, 990.) San Francisco.

181 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
(P. O. Box 2683.)

—o—

JAS. M. BARNEY, Arizona City. JOHN S. CARR, Arizona,

Our facilities for purchasing and arrangements or selling are fully completed and we now offer o the trade a full stock of merchandise in each department, comprising all articles enquired for, and salable throughout the Territory.

We sell at small advances FOR CASH, and are positive that it is to the benefit of every interior merchant to buy of us,—instead of in San Francisco or elsewhere—thereby avoiding the expense and annoyance of a long and tedious journey and the loss of Three Months Time necessary to receive their purchases, enabling them to increase their sales and profits with the same or less capital invested.

Orders by Letter

Receive our careful attention—the same as though the parties were themselves present. In a word we guarrantee satisfaction in prices, quality, quantity and assortment of Goods.

Currency and Bullion

received at latest San Francisco quotations, or sold for account of owners, as may be desired.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City, A. T., Sept 1, 1870. tf

CASH STORE!

—o—

I. GOLDBERG, Tucson. P. DRACHMAN, San Francisco.

GOLDBERG & DRACHMAN.

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts.
TUCSON, A. T.

Have just received a new stock of Summer and Fall Goods embracing a general and complete assortment o

DRY GOODS,

—consisting of—

HATS and CAPS of every descriptio of adapted to every season,

CLOAKS
SHAWLS
BOOTS
SHOES
SLIPPERS
LADIES' FANCY AND DRESS GOODS
PRINTS
MUSLINS
DELAINES, ETC., ETC.

—also—

A large stock of **Old Rye Whisky** and the best California **Wine** and **Brandy.**

—likewise—

A large stock of Groceries—BUTTER HONEY, CHEESE and DRIED FRUIT which we offer for sale; wholesale and retail We adhere to a cash system and sell our good remarkably low for cash.

n12

CHAS. H. LORD W. W. WILLIAMS

LORD & WILLIAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS

IN

ALL KINDS OF MERCHANDISE,

—o—

Having just received from New York an entirely new stock of

Gneral Merchandise

INCLUDING

Dry Goods, Provisions, Clothing, Hardware Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Liquors, Cigars Tobacco, etc., etc.,

And everything necessary to make up a Complete Assortment for a

First Class Wholesale Store,

Now inform the public that they are prepared to sell at Greatly Reduced Prices.

—o—

CALL at our new store, Corner Main and Commercial streets, where you may examine our goods and prices.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING

Done after the most approved styles.
SAML. BOSTICK

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF, Tucson, T.
AARON ZECKENDORF, Albuquerque N. M. LOUIS ZECKENDORF, No 19 Dey St. N. Y

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS & CAPS
CARPETS

MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhee

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage hose who favor us with their confidence.

A. L. ZECKENDORF
Tucson, A. T. April 1, 1869

E. N. Fish, Tucson, S. Silverberg, San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c., which weare offering at exceedingly low prices.

Jan, 1, '69. 32

ADAMSVILLE SALOON

—BY—

CHARLES ADAMS.

Main Street, Adamsville.

—:oOo:—

This Pioneer Establishment keeps first class liquors and cigars.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of Hugh Kennedy Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administratrix of the above named estate to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against, he said deceased to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers to the undersigned at his residence in the town of Tucson, County of Pima and Territory of Arizona within twelve months from the date of this notice—after the expiration of which outstanding debts will be forever debarred,

MANUELA KENNEDY, By WM. H TONGE, Agent.

Tucson A. T. July 4, 1870. 4t

E. N. Fish, Tucson, S. Silverberg, San Francisco. Jos. Collingwood, Florence.

E. N. FISH, & CO.

Main Street, Florence, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco, Hardware, etc, etc., which we sell at the very lowest prices.

We have, also, Hay and Grain, constantly on hand to supply the Public. tf

PIONEER MILLS!

—:oOo:—

W. BICHARD & Co

ADAMSVILLE, A. T.

Having just fitted up their mills at Adamsville with new and excellent machinery, are enabled to do a larger business than formerly, and are now prepared to furnish flour to contractors and all others at more reasonable rates than it can be supplied elsewhere in the Territory. tf.

anuary 22, 1870.

LEVIN'S HOTEL.

—o—

MAIN STREET.

The building known as the "Hodges' House" has underwent a thorough renovation and is now open to the public under the above name. The bed rooms are airy and comfortable, and neatly furnished—having every accommodation to be found in any hotel between San Francisco and St. Louis.

The Table will be found to contain the best that the country affords, prepared by the most skilful cooks in the Territory.

"GUS" will be always at his post in the BAR.

LEVIN & CO.

April 16 1870. tf

TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS!

DIRECT FROM NWE YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people o ucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY & Co

East side Main street, Tucson, A. T.
Jan. 1st '69, tf.

NOTICE

Leopoldo Carrilla vs. Hilario Cuevas } In the District Court of the First Judicial District, County of Pima and Territory of Arizona.

The Territory of Arizona, Greeting—
To Hilario Cuevas, defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District court of the First Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona, and to answer the complaint therein, filed in the office of the clerk of said court, at Tucson, in the County of Pima, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service,) after service of this summons upon you, if served within this County; if served out of the County, but in this District, thirty days; in all other cases forty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described in said complaint, and executed by the said Hilario Cuevas on the sixteenth day of November A. D. 1868, to secure the payment of an account stated, amounting to two thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight dollars payable in one year from said date with interest thereon at the rate of two per cent per month until paid; also, for the foreclosure of another certain mortgage, on a portion of the same premises, described in said complaint, and executed by the said Hilario Cuevas, on the twenty-fourth day of November A. D. 1868, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated on the 24th day of November 1868 made by the said Hilario Cuevas, for the sum of nine hundred dollars, payable on the first day of February A. D. 1869, to Jesus Ma. Elias and Juan Elias Jr., and by them assigned to the plaintiff, with interest thereon from the first day of February 1869.

That the premises conveyed by said mortgages may be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the sum of two thousand six hundred and eighty-nine 40-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of two per cent per month, from the 17th day of February 1870, the amount due on said account stated: and that the overplus, if any there be, be applied to the payment of the sum of nine hundred dollars, due on the said promissory note, with interest thereon from the first day of February 1869; and the amounts paid for taxes on said premises for the years 1869 and 1870; also, for the costs, expenses, and disbursements of said suit, and in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same, then to obtain an execution against the said Hilario Cuevas, defendant, for the balance remaining due; and also, that the said defendant, and all persons claiming by, through, or under him, may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien, equity of redemption, and interest, in and to such mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief.

And if you fail to appear and answer to the said complaint, as above required, the plaintiff will take default against you, and apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the First Judicial District this 4th day of ugust A. D. 1870.

(SEAL)

O. BUCKALEW,
Clerk District Court,
1st District of Arizona.

1m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINES Work will be resumed on an extensive scale as soon as proper arrangemnts can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of General Grat, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief at the request of the undersigned. Allust and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upo resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.
President
Mowry Silver Mining Co.
New York, Oct. 14, '67.

Notice!!

We will inform the Public, and travelling Community in general, that we have just built and fitted up, a good store house at Fort Bowie A. T and have furnished the same with a Complete assortment of Goods suitable for Travelers and emigrants, which we will sell at the same prices that such goods are sold for in Tucson, or on thie Rio Grande. Our Stock consists of a general assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries; and we will keep constantly on hand flour, Bacon, Lard, Corn, Beans, and in fact, any article required by emigrants, and travellers, at reduced prices.

TULLY OCHOA & Co.

Jan. 15th 1870. tf

NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA

STAGE COMPANY

THE undersigned are running a 4-horse Passenger Coach from Tucson, By way of the Burro Silver Mines to La Mesilla, New Mexico—Connecting at La Mesilla with coaches for all parts of New Mexico, Texas, Chihuahua and the Eastern States.

Particular attention paid to Express Matter and comfort of passengers.

DAVIS & COSGROVE,
Proprietors.